Exam Name:

Block: 4 Mark:

Week: 6 (4 August 2009)

1. While identifying the clarity of mind is recognising the conventional mind, however, does not mean that one has understood the conventional truth of the mind. Why? [4]

2. a) Which consciousness realises the ultimate nature of the clock? [2]

b) Why do a sentient being's five sense consciousnesses perceive things mistakenly? [2]

3. Name the three doors of emancipation and explain what they refer to. [6]

4. Is there any difference between the compassion that Buddhism presents and that of other religions? Give an example. [4]
5. Even if one were to attain calm abiding, why is that alone not a cause to be free from samsara and attain
liberation? [4]
6. Give the order in which we establish and the order we meditate on the selflessness of person and the selflessness of phenomena. [4]

7. Give the definition of special insight. [4]
8. What is the object of negation? Give an analogy showing why we need to gain an understanding of the object of negation. [4]
9. The commentary specifies that the root or main cause of all faults and negativities is grasping at the self of the T. What is another technical term for this? Why did Geshe-la say we really need to understand the actual meaning and implication of this term and what it indicates? [4]
10. Give the syllogism (logical formula) used here to identify the object of negation, showing the subject,
predicate and reason. [6]